



Salt comes in many varieties.

What's the difference?

Read on to find out. Salt should be simple - it's just sodium + chloride, right? But there are so many varieties! The big difference among them is rock salt comes from

mineral deposits left by dried-up seas or lakes, and sea salt is harvested from evaporated sea water.

Use this guide to find out which salt is best in whatever you've got cooking.



stews and roasts, and your go-to for baking. Its small particles dissolve quickly in liquid and are dense, so halve quantities if substituting for kosher or coarse salt.



How to use it: For everyday cooking and seasoning, this is

a terrific staple to keep in your kitchen. It is easy to pinch,

distributes evenly when sprinkling and has a pure salt taste.





Pickling Salt

What it is: Quick-dissolving granules of pure rock salt

without anti-caking additives or iodine.

How to use it: As its name suggests, it's the go-to for

pickling because it keeps brines crystal clear. Kosher

salt works in a pinch, but check for equivalent

measurements.

Flavoured or Seasoned Salt

What it is: Rock salt infused with spices, herbs or smoke. Think spice cabinet classics like celery or

How to use it: As a finishing salt to add bold flavour.

Scatter smoked salt over grilled steak, sprinkle rosemary salt on focaccia before baking or use lemon salt to season chicken salad.

garlic salt, or modern umami boosters such as

mushroom or vanilla salt.